## CHAPTER XVII.—INTERNAL TRADE

## CONSPECTUS

	PAGE	1	PAGE
Part I.—The Movement and Market-		Subsection 2. Consumers' Co-operation	<b>55</b> 0
ing of Commodities	518	Subsection 3. Co-operative Credit	E
Section 1. Interprovincial Trade	518	Societies and Social Services	551
SECTION 2. THE GRAIN TRADE	520	Part II.—Government Aids to and	
Subsection 1. Governmental Agencies		Control of Trade	556
Regulating or Co-operating with the Grain Trade	520	Section 1. Combinations in Restraint of Trade	556
Subsection 2. Movement of Canadian Wheat, Crop Year 1940-41	520	SECTION 2. PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS AND TRADE MARKS	557
Subsection 3. Distribution, Storage		Section 3. Weights and Measures	560
and Inspection of Principal Canadian Field Crops	521	Section 4. Electricity and Gas In- spection	561
Section 3. Marketing of Live Stock and Live-Stock Products	526	SECTION 5. BOUNTIES	562
		Section 6. Control and Sale of Al-	
Section 4. Cold Storage	531	coholic Beverages	563
Section 5. Merchandising and Service Establishments	533	Part III.—Commercial Failures	566
Subsection 1. Wholesale Merchandising	534	Section 1. Industrial and Commercial Failures from Private Sources	567
Subsection 2. Retail Trade and Service Establishments	535	Section 2. Commercial Failures from Administrations under Domin-	
Section 6. Co-operation in Canada	543	ion Legislation	569
Subsection 1. Producers' Co-opera-	546	Section 3. Administration of Bank- RUPT ESTATES	572

The diverse resources of the various parts of the country have led to a vast exchange of products and the task of providing goods and services where they are required for consumption or use by a population of 11,420,000 accounts for a greater expenditure of economic effort than that required for the prosecution of Canada's great volume of external trade, high though the Dominion ranks among the countries of the world in this field.

Internal trade is broad and complicated: it encompasses all values added to commodities traded in provincially and interprovincially by agencies and services connected with the storage, distribution and sale of goods, such as railways, steamships, warehouses, wholesale and retail stores, financial institutions, etc. Taken in a wide sense, it embraces various professional and personal services including those directed to the amusement of the people, such as theatres, sports, etc. In fact, in a broad interpretation, internal trade covers a large part of those activities of the people that add to the 'form' utilities, dealt with in the various preceding chapters, the utilities of 'place', 'time' and 'possession', and the personal and professional services referred to in the Survey of Production and other chapters. However, the arrangement of material in a volume such as the Year Book is governed by the necessity of interpretation from various angles and cross reference to other chapters is essential. The Index will be found useful in this respect.